

Lineare Gleichungssysteme lösen

Aufgabe 1: Löse das lin. Gleichungssystem

$$1) \quad \begin{cases} -2x + 4y = 2 \\ 5x - 1y = -23 \end{cases}$$

$$2) \quad \begin{cases} -3x - 2y = -6 \\ -3x - 1y = -9 \end{cases}$$

$$3) \quad \begin{cases} 2x + 3y = -11 \\ 4x + 2y = -18 \end{cases}$$

$$4) \quad \begin{cases} 4x + 4y = -28 \\ 5x + 5y = -35 \end{cases}$$

Lösung:

$$1) \quad \begin{cases} -2x + 4y = 2 & | \cdot 1 \\ 5x - 1y = -23 & | \cdot 4 \end{cases}$$
$$\begin{cases} -2x + 4y = 2 \\ 20x - 4y = -92 \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} 1. \text{ und } 2. \text{ Gl.} \\ \text{addieren} \end{array}$$
$$18x = -90 \quad | :18$$
$$\mathbf{x = -5}$$

In 1. Gleichung einsetzen:

$$\begin{array}{l} -2 \cdot (-5) + 4y = 2 \quad | \text{T} \\ 10 + 4y = 2 \quad | -10 \\ 4y = -8 \quad | :4 \\ \mathbf{y = -2} \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{L = \{ (-5|-2) \}}$$

$$2) \quad \begin{cases} -3x - 2y = -6 & | \cdot (-1) \\ -3x - 1y = -9 & | \cdot 2 \end{cases}$$
$$\begin{cases} 3x + 2y = 6 \\ -6x - 2y = -18 \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} 1. \text{ und } 2. \text{ Gl.} \\ \text{addieren} \end{array}$$
$$-3x = -12 \quad | :(-3)$$
$$\mathbf{x = 4}$$

In 1. Gleichung einsetzen:

$$\begin{array}{l} -3 \cdot 4 - 2y = -6 \quad | \text{T} \\ -12 - 2y = -6 \quad | +12 \\ -2y = 6 \quad | :(-2) \\ \mathbf{y = -3} \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{L = \{ (4|-3) \}}$$

$$3) \quad \begin{cases} 2x + 3y = -11 & | \cdot (-2) \\ 4x + 2y = -18 & | \cdot 1 \end{cases}$$
$$\begin{cases} -4x - 6y = 22 \\ 4x + 2y = -18 \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} 1. \text{ und } 2. \text{ Gl.} \\ \text{addieren} \end{array}$$
$$-4y = 4 \quad | :(-4)$$
$$\mathbf{y = -1}$$

In 1. Gleichung einsetzen:

$$\begin{array}{l} 2x + 3 \cdot (-1) = -11 \quad | \text{T} \\ 2x - 3 = -11 \quad | +3 \\ 2x = -8 \quad | :2 \\ \mathbf{x = -4} \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{L = \{ (-4|-1) \}}$$

$$4) \quad \begin{cases} 4x + 4y = -28 & | \cdot (-5) \\ 5x + 5y = -35 & | \cdot 4 \end{cases}$$
$$\begin{cases} -20x - 20y = 140 \\ 20x + 20y = -140 \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} 1. \text{ und } 2. \text{ Gl.} \\ \text{addieren} \end{array}$$
$$0y = 0 \quad | :0$$
$$\mathbf{y = -4}$$

In 1. Gleichung einsetzen:

$$\begin{array}{l} 4x + 4 \cdot (-4) = -28 \quad | \text{T} \\ 4x - 16 = -28 \quad | +16 \\ 4x = -12 \quad | :4 \\ \mathbf{x = -3} \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{L = \{ (-3|-4) \}}$$