

Klassenarbeitstrainer Gleichungen lösen

Aufgabe 1:

Löse die Gleichung und gib die Lösungsmenge an.

$$1) \quad 8x + 2 = 5 + 5x$$

$$2) \quad -1 \cdot (x + 2) + 4 = -1 - 2x$$

$$3) \quad 5x - 1 = 5 + 3x$$

$$4) \quad -3x + 3 = -5 - 5x$$

$$5) \quad 3 \cdot (x + 6) = 11x + 3 - 8x$$

$$6) \quad 2 \cdot (x + 1) = 3x + 2 - 1x$$

$$7) \quad 5x + 4 = 10 + 2x$$

$$8) \quad -7x - 4 = -13 - 4x$$

$$9) \quad 2x - 3 = -1 + 1x$$

$$10) \quad -6x - 2 = -11 - 3x$$

$$11) \quad -2 \cdot (x + 3) + 9 = -2 - 3x$$

$$12) \quad -2x + 4 = 1 - 5x$$

Erklärvideo



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Lösung

1)

$$\begin{aligned} 8x + 2 &= 5 + 5x \quad | -5x \\ 3x + 2 &= 5 \quad | -2 \\ 3x &= 3 \quad | :3 \\ x &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{1\}$$

2)

$$\begin{aligned} -1 \cdot (x + 2) + 4 &= -1 - 2x \quad |T \\ -1x + 2 &= -1 - 2x \quad |+2x \\ x + 2 &= -1 \quad |-2 \\ x &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{-3\}$$

3)

$$\begin{aligned} 5x - 1 &= 5 + 3x \quad |-3x \\ 2x - 1 &= 5 \quad |+1 \\ 2x &= 6 \quad |:2 \\ x &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{3\}$$

4)

$$\begin{aligned} -3x + 3 &= -5 - 5x \quad |+5x \\ 2x + 3 &= -5 \quad |-3 \\ 2x &= -8 \quad |:2 \\ x &= -4 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{-4\}$$

5)

$$\begin{aligned} 3 \cdot (x + 6) &= 11x + 3 - 8x \quad |T \\ 3 \cdot (x + 6) &= 3x + 3 \quad |T \\ 3x + 18 &= 3x + 3 \quad |-3x \\ 18 &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{\}$$

6)

$$\begin{aligned} 2 \cdot (x + 1) &= 3x + 2 - 1x \quad |T \\ 2x + 2 &= 2x + 2 \quad |-2 \\ 2x &= 2x \quad |:2 \\ x &= x \end{aligned}$$

$$L = R$$

7)

$$\begin{aligned} 5x + 4 &= 10 + 2x \quad |-2x \\ 3x + 4 &= 10 \quad |-4 \\ 3x &= 6 \quad |:3 \\ x &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{2\}$$

8)

$$\begin{aligned} -7x - 4 &= -13 - 4x \quad |+4x \\ -3x - 4 &= -13 \quad |+4 \\ -3x &= -9 \quad |:(-3) \\ x &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{3\}$$

9)

$$\begin{aligned} 2x - 3 &= -1 + 1x \quad |-1x \\ 1x - 3 &= -1 \quad |+3 \\ 1x &= 2 \quad |:1 \\ x &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{2\}$$

10)

$$\begin{aligned} -6x - 2 &= -11 - 3x \quad |+3x \\ -3x - 2 &= -11 \quad |+2 \\ -3x &= -9 \quad |:(-3) \\ x &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{3\}$$

11)

$$\begin{aligned} -2 \cdot (x + 3) + 9 &= -2 - 3x \quad |T \\ -2x + 3 &= -2 - 3x \quad |+3x \\ x + 3 &= -2 \quad |-3 \\ x &= -5 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{-5\}$$

12)

$$\begin{aligned} -2x + 4 &= 1 - 5x \quad |+5x \\ 3x + 4 &= 1 \quad |-4 \\ 3x &= -3 \quad |:3 \\ x &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{-1\}$$